#### Third B.H.M.S. (2015) Examination, Summer (Phase - III: All Other Remaining UG/PG Courses) - 2020 GENERAL SURGERY AND HOMOEOPATHIC THERAPEUTICS - I

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions: 1)

- Use blue/black ball point pen only.
- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
   If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- 3) All questions are compulsory.
- The number to the right indicates full marks.
- Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- a) Define gangrene.
- b) Ducreyi ulcer.
- c) Acute Paronychia.
- d) Renal lump.
- e) Murphy's triad.
- Grades of haemorrhoids.
- g) Define dysphagia.
- h) 4 causes for haematuria.
- Arsenic alb in carbuncle.
- j) Veratrum in hypovolaemic shock.
- k) Causticum in burns.
- Chelidonium in cholelithiasis.
- m) Berberis in renal calculi.
- n) Mag-phos in appendicitis.
- Silicea in fistula in ano.

Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Pyogenic abscess.
- b) Cerebral concussion.
- c) Diabetic gangrene.
- d) Sliding hernia.
- e) Cystitis.
- f) Gastric ulcer.

3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Iodum in breast Neoplasia.
- b) Calendula in wounds.
- c) Calc flour in fibroadenoma of breast.
- d) Bismuth in Gastric ulcer.
- e) Colocynth in acute abdomen.
- f) Thuja in Benign enlargement of prostrate.

4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$ 

- a) Classify ulcer. Give indication of merc.sol, fluoric acid, borax in ulcer.
- Define burns. Describe its types. Give indication of aconite, calendula in burns.
- Enumerate causes of bleeding per rectum. Give indications of aloe, haemammelis in haemorrhoids.
- Describe actiology, clinical features of duodenal ulcer and give indication of bismuth, phosphorus, kali-bich for the same.

Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7):

Define abscess. Classify them and describe in detail pyogenic abscess. Give indication of hepar sulph, silicea, bacillinum in pyogenic abscess.

 $[1 \times 20 = 20]$ 

- Describe actiology, clinical features, complications of Renal calculi. Give indication of sarsaparilla, baerberis, lycopodium for the same. [1 × 20 = 20]
- Define cholecystitis. Classify it and describe in detail "chronic cholecystitis" give indication of hydrasts, crotalus horridus, chelidonium majus for the same.
   1 × 20 = 20

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#### Third BHMS (2015) Examination, Summer (Phase - III : All Other Remaining UG/PG Courses) - 2020 SURGERY - II

(ENT Ophthalmology, Orthopaedics, Dentistry & Homoeopathic Therapeutics)

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions:

- Use blue/black ball point pen only.
- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
   If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- All questions are compulsory.
- The number to the right indicates full marks.
- 5) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- a) Define Rhinitis Sicca.
- Name the gland producing Wax in ear.
- c) What is Pathological fracture.
- d) Define Kyphosis.
- e) Define Myopia.
- f) Define Trachoma.
- g) Define Dental cyst.
- h) Define Epulis.
- Name 2 Homoeopathic drugs for Painless Hoarseness of voice.
- Name 2 homoeopathic medicines for chronic cholesteatomatous variety of suppurative otitis media.

- Enumerate 2 homoeopathic medicines for sprain with their modalities.
- Name 2 Homoeopathic medicines for non union of fracture.
- m) Name 2 Homoeopathic medicines for external Hordeolum with one key note symptom of each.
- Name 2 Homoeopathic medicines for Blindness with the cause for blindness in each.
- Name 4 Homoeopathic medicines for Pyorrhoea.
- 2. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Deviated Nasal Septum.
- b) Enumerate 10 Differential diagnosis for Deafness.
- .c) Frozen shoulder.
  - d) Write difference between Smith's and Colles' fracture.
  - e) Blepharitis.
  - f) Write Myopia in detail.
- 3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4\times 5=20]$ 

- Enumerate at least 5 causes of epistaxis and write a name of homoeopathic medicine with two indications for each cause.
- Write indications of Baryta carb and Phytolacca in Tonsillar affection.
- Write management of fracture with indications of two suitable Homoeopathic medicines.
- Modalities and clinicals of Rhus Tox and Bryonia in Musculoskeletal affection.
- e) Write Clincials and characteristic features for Pulsatilla in eye affection.
- f) Indications for Merc. sol. and Kreosotum in toothache.

4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$ 

- a) 15 year old child came with Dysphagia. Enumerate 5 differential diagnosis and Write Acute Tonsillitis in detail with indications of 2 homeopathic medicines.
- b) Define Rhinitis. Write Atrophic Rhinitis with its pathophysiology and clinical features and indication of 2 homoeopathic drugs for management of same.
- c) What do you mean by Sciatica? How will you elicit it with clinical examination and write its causes and management with indications of suitable 2 homeopathic drugs.
- Define Glaucoma, write its classification and write Close Angle Glaucoma in detail with indication of 2 homeopathic drugs.

#### Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7):

Define Acute suppurative otitis media, causation, stages with clinical features and management with suitable 1 homeopathic drug for each stage.

 $[1 \times 20 = 20]$ 

 Define Fracture, its types, clinical features, complications, conservative management and indications of 4 homeopathic medicines for the same.

 $[1 \times 20 = 20]$ 

65 year old women came with gradual onset haziness of vision. Write probable
Differential diagnosis And write Cataract, its types, clinical features, and
difference between mature and immature cataract with indications for 4
homeopathic drugs.

[1 × 20 = 20]



#### Third B.H.M.S. (2015) Examination, Summer (Phase - III: All Other Remaining UG/PG Courses) - 2020 GYNAECOLOGY & HOMOEOPATHIC THERAPEUTICS - I

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions:

- Use blue/black ball point pen only.
- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
   If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- All questions are compulsory.
- 4) The number to the right indicates full marks.
- 5) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- Follicle stimulating hormone.
- Enumerate functions of Progesterone hormone.
- c) Uterus Didelphys.
- d) Indications of Mag phos in Dysmenorrhoea.
- e) Define adrenarche and thelarche.
- Borax in Leucorrhoea.
- g) In vitro fertilization.
- b) Define primary and secondary infertility.
- Indications of Trillium pendulum in Fibroid uterus.
- j) Contraindications of oral contraceptive pills.

- k) Hydrastis in cervical erosion.
- Normal sperm count.
- m) Indications of Caladium in Pruritus vulvae.
- n) Name 4 remedies for bright red bleeding in menorrhagia.
- Benefits of male condom.
- 2. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Spasmodic Dysmenorrhoea.
- b) Trichomoniasis.
- Secondary changes in fibroid uterus.
- Types and indications of Hysterectomy.
- e) Vasectomy.
- f) Dyspareunia.
- 3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4\times5=20]$ 

- a) Indications of Lycopodium & Pulsatilla in Puberty.
- b) Merc sol and iodium in pelvic inflammatory disease.
- c) Indications of Agnus castus & Lycopodium in Impotency.
- d) Indications of 2 remedies in cervical erosion.
- e) Indications of Belladonna and Conium in breast disorders.
- f) Indications of 2 remedies for Uterine polyp.

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4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

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 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$ 

- Define polycystic ovarian syndrome, write its clinical features, investigations and complications. Give indications of iodium and Medorrhinum in PCOS.
- Define genital fistula, write its types and give indications of Silicea, Arnica and Hypericum in genital injuries.
- Define menopause and climaxis, write clinical features of menopause.
   Give indications of Lachesis and Graphites in menopause.
- d) Write aetiology of Prolapse of uterus, what are its types, complications and give indications of 2 homoeopathic remedies for the same.

#### Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7):

- Define infertility, give the causes and investigations of female infertility, write the indications of Platina, Natrum carb and Sepia for the same. [1 × 20 = 20]
- Define contraception, write the various types of contraception, describe Copper T in detail. [1 × 20 = 20]
- Describe stages of Ca Cervix, what are its causes, investigations and complications. Write indications of Nitric acid and Argentum nitricum for the same.
   [1 × 20 = 20]



# Third B.H.M.S. (2015) Examination, Summer (Phase - III: All Other Remaining UG/PG Courses) - 2020 OBSTETRICS, INFANT CARE AND HOMOEOPATHIC THERAPEUTICS - II

Total Duration: 3 Hours Total Marks: 100

Instructions:

- Use blue/black ball point pen only.
- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
   If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- All questions are compulsory.
- 4) The number to the right indicates full marks.
- Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- a) Lochia.
- b) Morula.
- c) Enumerate 4 signs of pregnancy in first trimester.
- d) Colostrum.
- e) Indications of Phytolaca in mastitis.
- f) Indications of Sabina in ante partum haemorrhage.
- g) Sepia in Abortion.
- h) Enumerate 4 structural abnormalities of the placenta.
- i) Alumina in anaemia during pregnancy.
- j) Intrauterine growth retardation.

- k) Ant tart in Asphyxia neonatorum.
- Define prolonged labour.
- m) Kernicterus.
- n) Indications of Phosphorus in hyperemesis gravidarum.
- Human chorionic gonadotropin hormone.
- Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) High risk pregnancy.
- b) Diagnosis of Twin pregnancy.
- c) Medical termination of pregnancy in first trimester.
- d) Retained Placenta.
- e) Clinical features of an healthy newborn infant.
- Complications of anaemia during pregnancy.
- 3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4\times 5=20]$ 

- Role of Phosphorus & Ipecac in Hyperemesis gravidarum.
- Role of Kali carb & Sepia in backache during pregnancy.
- c) Role of Sepia & Sabina in Abortion.
- Role of Carbo veg & Amica in varicose veins during pregnancy.
- e) Cactus and Gelsemium in heart disease during pregnancy.
- f) Role of Arg nit & Pulsatilla in Ophthalmia neonatorum.

4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$ 

- Define Postpartum haemorrhage, write its types and complications. Give indications of 2 homocopathic remedies for the same.
- Define abruptio placenta, write its clinical features, comlications and management with 2 homoeopathic remedies.
- Write complications of Anaemia during pregnancy with indications of 2 homoeopathic remedies.
- Define abortion, write its classification and write a note on missed abortion.

#### Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7):

- Define vesicular mole, write its classification, clinical features, investigations and complications. Write the role of homoeopathy with the help of 2 remedies in managing a case of vesicular mole. [1 × 20 = 20]
- 6. Define Obstructed labour, what are its causes, write a note on partograph and write indications of 2 homoeopathic remedies in managing a case of obstructed labour.
  [1 × 20 = 20]
- Define aetiology, clinical features of Puerperal pyrexia with indications of 3 homoeopathic remedies in detail.



# Third B.H.M.S. (2015) Examination, Summer (Phase - III : All Other Remaining UG/PG Courses) - 2020 HOMOEOPATHIC MATERIA MEDICA

Total Duration : 3 Hours Total Marks : 100

Instructions: 1) Use blue/black ball point pen only.

- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
   If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- All questions are compulsory.
- 4) The number to the right indicates full marks.

Draw diagrams wherever necessary.

- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- a) Write two delusions of Thuja Occidentalis.
- b) Write vomiting of Bismuth.
- c) Write two guiding symptom of Benzoic acid.
- d) Write two indications of Ruta in injury.
- e) Write two Key note symptoms of Kreosotum.
- Write two Key note Modalities of Colocynth.
- g) Write two key note symptoms of Murex.
- h) Two biochemic indications of Cal. Phos.
- Write two indications of Bellis per. in Injury.
- j) Write two key note symptoms of Opium.

- Write two key note symptoms of Asafoetida.
- Write two guiding symptoms of Apocynum.
- m) Write Constitution of Aethusa Child.
- m) Write two indications of Berberis Vulgaris related to urinary complaints.
- o) Write Thirst of Ipecac.
- 2. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Bryonia Alba General Modalities.
- b) Chamomilla Child.
- Ledum Pal Rheumatic Complaints.
- Drosera Respiratory Complaints.
- e) Aloe Soc Diarrhoege
- f) Lycopodium Mental Symptoms.
- 3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Chelidonium Liver Complaints.
- b) Digitalis Heart Complaints.
- c) Podophyllum Diarrhoea.
- d) Graphites Skin Complaints.
- e) Bufo Rana Epilepsy.
- f) Lachesis Mental Symptoms.

4. Long answer questions (any two out of four):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$ 

- a) Compare & Contrast Between Apis Mellifica & Cantharis in Urinary Complaints.
- b) Compare & Contrast Between Natrum Mur & Ignatia Female.
- c) Write in detail guiding symptoms of Argentum Nitricum.
- d) Write in detail guiding symptoms of Platina.

#### Long answer questions (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7):

5. Write in detail Drug picture of Belladona.

 $[1 \times 20 = 20]$ 

- Write Group symptoms of Acid Group and write Constitution, Mental, Guiding symptoms and Modalities of Nitric Acid. [1 × 20 = 20]
- Write in detail Drug picture of Arsenicum Album.

 $[1\times20=20]$ 



# Third BHMS (2015) Examination, Summer (Phase - III : All Other Remaining UG/PG Courses) - 2020 ORGANON OF MEDICINE

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions:

1) Use blue/black ball point pen only.

- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
   If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- All questions are compulsory.
- The number to the right indicates full marks.

Draw diagrams wherever necessary.

- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- a) Define drug proving.
- b) Define objective symptoms.
- c) Define one sided disease.
- d) What is Genus epidemicus.
- e) Write four sure signs of improvement.
- f) Write the four auxiliary measures mentioned in 6th edition of Organon.
- g) Define Idiosyncrasy.
- b) Define intermittent diseases.
- Define Susceptibility.
- Write Dr. Kent's 11th observation.

	k)	Mention four types of second Prescription.	
1	Ŋ	Define drug potential.	
71/2	m)	What is status Quo.	
	n)	What is Mongrel sect.	
	·o)	Define Latent Psora.	85 75 5
2.	Wr	te short answer (any four out of six):	$[4\times5=20]$
	a)	Day book	81
	b)	Precautions followed by prover during drug proving	
	c)	Diet and Regimen in acute diseases	
	d)	Indisposition	
	e)	Specific medicine	
90	f)	Mesmerism	
			te i
3.	Wr	ite short answer (any four out of six):	$[4\times 5=20]$
	a)	The sick	- E
	b)	Individualization.	
	c)	Killer's aggravation.	
	d)	Temperament.	
	e)	Law of quantity and dose.	7,8
	Ð	Repetition of Dose	

Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2\times10=20]$ 

- a) Describe the action of medicine in detail.
- b) Explain the highest Ideals of Cure.
- Explain second prescription in detail according to Dr. Kent.
- d) Describe palliation & suppression in detail.

### Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7):

- 5. Describe in detail the Hahnemannian classification of diseases.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- Explain, how Boenninghausen elucidated characteristic symptoms with reference to aph. 153, in the search of Homoeopathic remedy. [1 × 20 = 20]
- 7. Define mental diseases. What are the types & describe its Homoeopathic management? [1 × 20 = 20]



## Third B.H.M.S. (2015) Examination, Summer (Phase - II) 2019 GENERAL SURGERY AND HOMOEOPATHIC THERAPEUTICS-I

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions:

- Use blue/black ball point pen only.
- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
   If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- All questions are compulsory.
- The number to the right indicates full marks.
- Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- Define ulcer.
- b) Milroy's disease.
- c) Define regeneration.
- d) Cullens sign.
- e) Calculous anuria.
- f) Budd-chiari syndrome.
- g) Define hydrocoele.
- h) 4 causes for bleeding per rectum.
- i) Arsenic alb in varicose veins.
- j) Iodum in goitre.
- k) Cantharis in UTI.
- Mag phos in appendicitis.
- m) Aesculus in haemorhoids.
- n) 2 drugs for haematuria.
- o) Cantharis in cystitis.

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Write short answer (any four out of six).

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) complications of blood transfusion.
- b) cold abscess.
- c) cavernous haemangioma.
- d) fistula in ano.
- e) hiatus hernia.
- f) hypospadias.

3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) carbo-veg in gangrene.
- b) graphites in furuncle.
- c) calc flour in fibroadenoma.
- d) gelsemium in Benign enlargement of prostrate.
- e) phosphorus in appendicits.
- f) bismuth in gastric ulcer.

4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$ 

- a) classify wounds, give indication of hypericum, calendula, arnica in wounds.
- classify shock and give indication of camphor carbo-veg, veratrum alb in shock.
- describe actiology, clinical features, of haemorrhoids and give indication of Aesculus, ratanhia, nitric acid for the same.
- d) describe clinical features of Benign enlargement of prostrate and give indication of conium and baryta carb for the same.

Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7):

Define gangrene. Describe its types, and describe in detail Diabetic gangrene.
 Give indication of Carboveg, Bromium, Arsenic album for the same.

 $[1\times20=20]$ 

- 6. Describe actiology, clinical features, coplications of cholelithiasis. Give indications of chelidonium nuxvomica for the same.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- 7. Describe aetiology types, clinical features of intestinal obstruction. Give indications of plumbum, diascorea, mag-phos for the same.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$



# Thir 3.H.M.S. (2015) Examination, Summer (Phase - II) 2019 URGERY-II ENT, OPHTHALMOLOGY, ORTHOPAEDICS, DENTISTRY & HOMOEOPATHIC THERAPEUTICS

Total Duration: 3 Hours Total Marks: 100

Instructions: 1) Use blue/black ball point pen only.

- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper. If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- All questions are, compulsory.
- The number to the right indicates full marks.
- 5) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.

#### 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- a) Define otalgia.
- b) Inference in Rinne's test.
- Define sequestrum and involucrum.
- d) Enumerate 2 causes for delayed union of fractures.
- e) Define Exophthalmos.
- Name two commonest causes for blindness.
- Define dental caries.
- h) Give 2 indications for extraction of third molar tooth.
- i) Four characteristic indications for Phytollacca in tonsillitis.
- Four characteristic indications for Sabadilla in nasal polyp.
- k) Give two surgical clinicals for Symphytum.
- Four characteristic indications for Kali-carb in lumbago.
- m) Four Characteristic indications for Arnica in red eye.
- n) Four Characteristic indications for Belladonna in conjunctivitis.
- Four Characteristic indications for Silicea in apical abscess.

 $14 \times 5 = 201$ 

- Write short answer (any four out of six): 2.
  - a) Ear wax.
  - Ethmoidal polyp.
  - Enumerate ten complications in case of Fracture.
  - Frozen shoulder. d)
  - Strabismus.
  - Blepheritis.
- Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- Indications of Argentum Nitricum and Carbo. veg. in laryngitis. a) b)
- Indications of Phosphorus and Ammonium carb. in Epistaxis. c)
- Indications of Actea racemosa and Sepia in lumbago.
- Indications of Calcarea carb. and Phosphorus in rickets. d)
- Indications of Arnica and Hamamelis in post operative tooth extraction. f)
- Indications of Aconite and Chamomilla in Pulpitis.
- Long answer question (any two out of four): 4.

- Define Otitis media. Describe in detail aetiology, clinical features of "Chronic Otitis Media" and give indications of two Homoeopathic medicines for the same.
- Define and Classify laryngitis. Give a note on Acute laryngitis and give b) indications of Causticum and Calc. carb. in laryngitis.
- Define "Osteoarthritis' and formulate a homoeopathic approach for the management of osteoarthritis with suitable examples of Homoeopathic medicines.
- Describe actiology, clinical features of catarrhal conjunctivitis and give four indications of Belladonna and Argentum Met, for the same.

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Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7):

- Define Rhino-sinusitis. Discuss aetiology clinical features and complications of frontal sinusitis. Give indications of Kali-Bich and Pulsatilla in frontal sinusitis.
   11 × 20 = 201
- Describe supracondylar fracture of humerus under the heading of types and displacements, clinical features and give indications of Symphytum and Calc. Flour, in healing of fractures. [1 × 20 = 20]
- Enumerate errors of refraction. Discuss in detail Myopia and give indications
  of Ruta and Agaricus for the same. [1 × 20 = 20]



#### Third B.H.M.S. (New) Examination, Summer (Phase - II) 2019 SURGERY AND HOMEOPATHIC THERAPEUTICS - I

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions: 1)

- Use blue/black ball point pen only.
- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
   If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- All questions are compulsory.
- The number to the right indicates full marks.
- Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- a) Define Regeneration.
- b) Define curling's ulcer.
- Define Reactionary hemorrhages.
- d) Explain Penetrating wound.
- e) Define Carbuncle.
- f) Define Gangrene.
- g) Define Lipoma.
- h) Define Sinus.
- i) Define Toxic Goitre.
- j) Explain Pyaemic Abscess.
- k) Define Aphakia.
- Name the Errors of Refraction.
- m) Define-Stye.
- n) Write down 2 causes for Blindness.
- o) Define-Hypopyon.

Write short answer (any four out of six).

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Explain Difference between Benign and Malignant tumors.
- b) Explain Diabetic Gangrene.
- c) Explain Complications of blood transfusion.
- d) Explain Tubercular Lymphadenitis.
- e) Explain chalazion.
- f) Explain Acute Dacrocystitis.

3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Explain septic shock.
- b) Explain Venous ulcer.
- Define cyst and give its classification.
- d) Explain Hodgkin's Lymphoma.
- e) Explain Hypermetropia.
- f) Explain Opthalmia neonatrum.

4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2\times 10=20]$ 

- a) Define Haemorrhages, Classify them and describe in detail.
- Define wound, Classify wound and give in describe in detail factors affecting wound healing.
- Write in detail Clinical features of Arterial Insufficiency.
- d) Define Conjunctivitis and Describe in detail Mucopurulent Conjunctivitis.

#### Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7):

- 5. Define Ulcer classify them describe various Edges of an ulcer and compare between Healing and Non Healing Ulcer.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- Define Burns, write its actiopathogenesis, Clinical features and describe importance of Rule of Nine in management of Burns. [1 × 20 = 20]
- 7. Define glaucoma and describe in detail Chronic simple Glaucoma.

 $[1\times20=20]$ 



### Third B.H.M.S. (New) Examination, Summer (Phase - II) 2019 SURGERY AND HOMOEOPATHIC THERAPEUTICS - II

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions: 1)

- Use blue/black ball point pen only.
- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
   If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- All questions are compulsory.
- The number to the right indicates full marks.
- Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- a) Write down 2 causes for Dysphagia.
- b) Explain pigment stones.
- e) Explain Murphy's Triad.
- d) Explain Rebound tenderness.
- e) Define Amazia. opiter
- f) Define Thyroglossal Cyst.
- g) Define Pulpitis.
- h) Write down 2 causes of Bleeding gums.
- Define Colles fracture.
- Write down 2 orthopedic causes for Backache.
- (水) Define Osteoma.
- Define otomycosis.
  - m) Write down 2 causes for Otorrhoea.
- n) Explain littles area.
- o) Write down two casuses of vertigo.

#### 04701B

2. Write short answer (any four out of six).

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Fistula in Ano.
  - b) Umbilical Hernia.
  - c) Differential diagnosis for discharge from nipple.
  - d) Indications for Dental Extraction.
  - e) Explain Complications of fracture.
- ( ) Explain Otitis externa.
- 3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Explain Meckel's Diverticulum.
- b) Explain toxic Goitre.
- c) Explain Oral Hygiene.
  - d) Explain Green stick Fracture.
- ( \_e) Explain septal haematoma and septal abscess.
  - ) Explain Acute Epiglotitis.
- 4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$ 

- a) Describe in detail about Benign Enlargement of Prostrate.
- Describe in detail types, complications and treatment of "Impacted Wisdom Tooth".
- c) Describe Cervical Spondyllitis in detail.
- Discuss classification of Rhinitis and Describe in detail Chronic simple Rhinitis.

#### Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7):

- 5. Enumerate causes of Haematemesis and describe aetiology, clinical features and complications of Peptic Ulcer.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- Describe aetiopathogenesis, clinical features, differential diagnosis and treatment
  of Acute Osteomyelitis. [1 × 20 = 20]
- Describe aetiopathogenesis, clinical features, differential diagnosis and indications and contraindications for tonsillectomy in Tonsillitis

 $[1\times20=20]$ 



#### Third B.H.M.S. (New) Examination, Summer (Phase - II) 2019 SURGERY AND HOMOEOPATHIC THERAPEUTICS - III

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions: 1)

- Use blue/black ball point pen only.
- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
   If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- 3) All questions are compulsory.
- The number to the right indicates full marks.
- Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- a) Indications of Nitric Acid in fissure in ano.
- b) Indications of Nux-vomica in gastritis.
- c) Camphor in surgical Shock.
- d) Cantharis in Burns.
- e) Calcarea carb in Lymphadenitis.
- Name two homoeopathic drugs for Hyperthyroidism.
- g) Staphysiagria in Dental carries.
- h) Merc-sol in stomatitis.
- i) Silicea in osteomyelitis.
- j) Bryonia in frozenshoulder.
- k) Kali mur. in ear affection.
- Ferrum-phos is indicated in which stage of ASOM.
- m) Name two Homoeopathic medicines for Vocal cord nodule.
- n) Hepar-sulph in Tonsillitis.
- o) Which is the type of Hemorrhage in Hammamelis.

Write short answer (any four out of six).

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Lycopodium and Berberis Vulgaris in Ureteric calculi.
- b) Thuja in Lipoma.
- c) Indications of Veratrum album in surgical shock.
- d) Coffea cruda and Kreosote in toothache.
- e) Indications of Symphytum and Cal-phos in fracture.
- Indications of Phosphorus and Causticum in Acute laryngitis.

3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Indications of Lachesis and Secale cor. in Gangrene
- Indications of Bryonia and Phytollaca in mastitis.
- c) Indications of Arnica and Hypericum in Toothache after Extraction
- d) Indications of Calc. flour, and Amm. mur. in Calcaneal Spur.
- e) Indications of Heckla lava and Teucrium in Nasal polyp.
- Indications of Pulsatilla and Capsicum in Mastoiditis.

4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$ 

- a) Describe clinical features of Acute pancreatitis and Describe role of Iris versicolor, Phosphorus and Arsenic Album in Acute pancreatitis.
- Enumerate local and systemic causes for gingival bleeding and discuss role of Merc-sol, Phosphorus in bleeding gums.
- Discuss clinical signs and symptoms of stye and write role of Pulsatilla and Satphysiagria in Stye
- d) Discuss clinical features of Bell's palsy and write the role of Agaricus and Cadmium sulphate in Bell's palsy.

#### Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7):

- Define ulcer. Discuss difference between Healing and Non-healing ulcer. Give indication of Flouric-acid, carbo-veg and Nitric acid in Ulcer. [1 × 20 = 20]
- Define Goitre. Classify goitre and give indications of Iodum, Sepia, Calccarb in Hypothyroidism. [1 × 20 = 20]
- Define sinusitis, discuss aetiology, clinical features of Frontal sinusitis and discuss role of Kali-bich, Pulsatilla, Hepar-sulph in Sinusitis. [1 × 20 = 20]



|Total No. of Pages: 3

04312A

#### Third B.H.M.S. (2015) Examination, Summer (Phase - II) 2019 GYNAECOLOGY & HOMOEOPATHIC THERAPEUTICS-I

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions:

- 1) Use blue/black ball point pen only.
- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
   If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- 3) All questions are compulsory.
- 4) The number to the right indicates full marks.
- 5) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- a) GnRH hormone.
- b) Functions of estrogen hormone.
- Sheehan's syndrome.
- d) Define azoospermia and asthenospermia.
- e) Calcarea carb in leucorrhoea.
- f) Define Precocious puberty and delayed puberty.
- g) Apis in ovarian cyst.
- h) Name tests for ovulation.
- i) Millefollium in menorrhagia.
- Metropathica haemorrhagica.
- k) Name 2 remedies for leucorrhoea like white of an egg.
- Indications of hormone replacement therapy.
- m) Senecio in puberty.
  - n) Artificial reproductive techniques.
  - o) Turners syndrome.

Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Hysterosalpingography.
- b) Secondary changes in fibroid.
- c) Candidiasis.
- d) Retroverted uterus.
- e) Dermoid cyst of the ovary.
- f) Clinical features and complications of Genital tuberculosis.
- Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Indications of Caladium & Cantharis in Pruritus vulvae.
- Indications of Conium & Phytolacca in Fibroadenoma of the breast.
- Indications of Lachasis & Sulphur in Menopause.
- d) Indications of Belladonna & Merc sol in Salpingitis.
- e) Indications of Arnica & Hypericum in Genital tract injuries.
- f) Indications of Agnus castus & Lycopodium in Impotency.
- Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2\times10=20]$ 

- a) Write clinical features of polycystic ovarian syndrome, write its investigations and complications, mention indications of Iodium and Medorrhinum for the same.
- Describe actiology and types of Uterine prolapse with indications of Lilium tig and Murex for the same.
- Define dysmenorrhoea, write its various types and give indications of Veratrum album and Colocynth for the same.
- d) Write the various stages of Cervical carcinoma and give indications of Carbo animalis and Nitric acid for the same.

Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7):

- Define endometriosis, write its types, clinical features, investigations and management with homeopathy with indications of Phosphorus and Sabina for the same.
   11 × 20 = 201
- Define contraception, give its classification. Describe Barrier methods of contraception in detail.
   [1 × 20 = 20]
- Define Infertility, write the causes & investigations for female infertility. Give indications of Platina, Plumbum met and Pulsatilla in female infertility.



# THIRD BHMS (2015) Examination, Summer (Phase - II) 2019 OBSTETRICS, INFANT CARE AND HOMOEOPATHIC THERAPEUTICS - II

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions: 1)

- 1) Use blue/black ball point pen only.
- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
   If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- All questions are compulsory.
- The number to the right indicates full marks.
- 5) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- a) Placenta succenturiata.
- b) Fertilization.
- Name signs of pregnancy in the first trimester.
- d) Define prolonged labour and hasty labour.
- e) Moulding.
- f) Retained placenta.
- g) Write 4 functions of amniotic fluid.
- h) Kernicterus.
- i) Obstetrics grip,
- j) Apgar score.
- k) Gelsemium in delayed labour.
- Name 4 remedies for nausea vomiting at smell and sight of food in hyperemesis gravidorum.
- m) Define opthalmia neonatorum & name 2 remedies for it.
- n) Indications of Ferrum met in anaemia during pregnancy.
- Helonias in pre eclampsia.

#### 04312B

Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4\times 5=20]$ 

- a) Missed abortion.
- b) Functions of placenta.
- c) Tubectomy.
- d) Define preterm infant and write its clinical features.
- e) Abruptio placenta.
- f) Breast feeding.
- Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- Role of Lecithin and Urtica urens in agalactia.
- b) Indications of Phosphorus and Acetic acid in diabetes during pregnancy.
- c) Indications of 2 drugs for threatened abortion.
- d) Role of Cimicifuga and Caulophyllum in false labour pains.
- e) Indications of Pulsatilla and Kali carb in delayed labour.
- f) Indication of Pyrogen in puerperal sepsis.
- Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$ 

- Define Ante natal care, what are its aims and objectives, give indications of Nux vomica and Collinsonia in piles during pregnancy.
- Define post partum haemorrhage, what are its types, give indications of Belladonna, Secale cor and Trillium pendulum for the same.
- c) Define episiotomy, write its types, indications and procedure in detail.
- d) Define asphyxia neonatorum. Write indications of 2 drugs for it.

#### Long answer question (any one from Q.No. 5, 6 and 7):

- Define pre-eclampsia. Write its clinical features, investigations, clinical features and complications. Give indications of Apis and Veratrum viride for pre eclampsia.
   11 × 20 = 20]
- 6. Define puerperal psychosis, write the indications of Hyoscyamus, Cimicifuga, Pulsatilla and Veratrum album for the same.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- Define eclampsia, write its clinical features, complications in detail. Give indications of Cicuta and Cuprum met for the same. [1 × 20 = 20]



## Third B.H.M.S. (New) Examination, Summer (Phase - II) 2019 OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY - I

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions: 1)

- Use blue/black ball point pen only.
- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
   If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- All questions are compulsory.
- The number to the right indicates full marks.
- Draw diagram's wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- a) Define primigravida and primipara.
- b) Enumerate functions of fetal membranes.
- Define antepartum haemorrhage and post partum haemorrhage.
- d) Rooming in.
- e) Conjoined twins.
- f) Functions of placenta.
- g) Carneous mole.
- h) Complications of anaemia during pregnancy.
- Quickening.
- j) Lightning.
- k) Write the schedule of tetanus immunization in pregnancy.
- Write the dose of calcium during pregnancy and lacttaion.
- m) Advantages of breast feeding.
- n) Apgar score.
- o) Define prolonged labour.

04702A

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- Write short answer (any four out of six).
  - a) Urine pregnancy test
  - b) Intra uterine fetal death.
  - c) Episiotomy.
  - d) threatened abortion.
  - e) Partograph.
  - f) Breast feeding.
- 3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Subinvolution net uterus.
- b) Placenta previa.
- c) Oligohydramnios.
- d) Bishop's score.
- e) Fetal membranes.
- f) Convulsions in newborn.
- 4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$ 

- a) Discuss diagnosis of pregnancy in detail.
- What are the causes of preterm labour? Write clinical features and complications of premature infant.
- Mechanism of normal delivery in detail.
- d) Explain Asphyxia neonatorum in detail.

### Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7):

- Define pre eclampsia, write its clinical features, investigations, complications and management in detail.
   [1 × 20 = 20]
- 6. Discuss breech presentations and its management.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- Define healthy newborn infant, write its clinical features and management in detail.
   [1 × 20 = 20]

xxx

#### Third B.H.M.S. (New) Examination, Summer (Phase-II) 2019 OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY - II

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 160

Instructions: 1)

- Use blue/black ball point pen only.
- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
   If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- 3) All questions are compulsory.
- 4) The number to the right indicates full marks.
- Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- a) Define precocious an delayed puberty.
- Enumerate causes of primary amenorrhoea.
- c) Vaginismus.
- d) Define epimenorrhoea and metrorrhagia.
- e) Ashermens syndrome.
- f) Sheehan's syndrome.
- g) Bicornuate uterus.
- b) Define asthenospermia and aspermia.
- i) Retroversion of uterus.
- j) Hormonal assay in PCOS.
- k) Indications of vaginal hysterectomy.
- l) Bartholins cyst.
- m) 4 causes of leucorrhoea.
- n) Functions of estrogen hormone.
- Tests for ovulation.

04702B $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

Write short answer (any four out of six).

- a) Semen analysis.
- b) Trichomoniasis.
- c) Hysterosalpingography.
  - d) Clinical features of menopause.
  - e) Procidentia.
  - f) Cervical dysplasia.

3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Precocious puberty.
- b) Chocolate cyst of ovary.
- c) GnRH hormone.
- d) Dermoid cyst of the ovary.
- e) Pelvic abscess.
- f) Vesico -vaginal fistula.

Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$ 

- Describe causes and investigations for female infertility.
- Write clinical features, investigations, complications and management of polycystic ovarian syndrome.
- Explain Adenomyosis in detail.
- d) Describe dilatation and currettage with brespect to its indications, procedure and complications.

04702B

### Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7):

5. Explain Endometriosis under following heads

 $[1 \times 20 = 20]$ 

- a) Aetiology
- b) Dagnosis
- c) Complications
- d) Management
- 6. Describe uterine fibromyoma under following heads

 $[1\times20=20]$ 

- a) Defination and types .
- b) Diagnosis
- c) Complications
- d) Principles of management
- 7. Write down menstrual physiology under following headings.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$ 
  - a) Definations
  - b) Proliferative phase
  - c) Luteal phase
  - d) Changes in female genital organs



04702C

[Total No. of Pages: 2

# Third B.H.M.S. (New) Examination, Summer (Phase - II) 2019 OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY - III

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions:

Use blue/black ball point pen only.

- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
   If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- 3) All questions are compulsory.
- The number to the right indicates full marks.
- Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.

Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- a) Arsenic album in ANC.
- b) Trillium Pendulum for Metrorrhagia.
- c) Agnus Castus in Streility.
- d) Sepia in uterine prolapse
- e) Name four remedies for Ca ovary
- Four remedies for Galactorrhoea.
- g) Bufo rana in male infertility
- h) 4 Remedies for PCOD
- Murex for Vaginismus.
- j) Acetic acid for hyperemesis
- k) Aethusa for Lactation.
- Alumina for Pica in Pregnancy.
- m) Name four remedies for False labour pain.
- n) Baryta carb Child.
- o) Sulphur in nappy rash

04702C

Write short answer (any four out of six).

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Changes of puberity in cal carb.
- b) Lachesis for Lochia.
- c) 2 remedies for erection failure.
- d) 2 drugs for inevitable abortion
- e) 2 remedies for prolonged labour
- f) Homoeopathy and Contraception

3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Two remedies with indications for dysmenorrhoea
- b) Carbo animalis and Merc.sol. in Cervical erosion.
- Hydrocotyle and Thuja for Ca cervix
- d) Apis mellifica and Causticum in Hydrocephalus.
- e) Cicuta virosa and Gelsimium in Convulsions in new born.
- f) Two remedies for MTP

4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$ 

- a) Ipecac, Phos, Cinchona in DUB.
- b) Describe 3 remedies for Rectocele and its complications.
- Explain gestational hypertension in Aur met, Aconite and Glonine
- d) 3 homoeopathic remedies in constipation in bottle fed babies.

Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7):

- Define Toxacmia of Pregnancy and give indications of Apis mellifica, Cicuta virosa Cuprum met Belladonna for Pre eciampsia. وينهمون على المناسبية على المناس
- Define Asphyxia Neonatorum and role of Antim tart, Carbo veg Ammonium Carb and Bromium for Asphyxia Neonatorum. [1 × 20 = 20]
- Define Fibroid of Uterus and write the role of Thuja, Graphites, Kreosotum and Phosphorus for Fibroid.
   [1 × 20 = 20]

x x x

### Third B.H.M.S. (2015) Examination, Summer (Phase - II) 2019 ORGANON OF MEDICINE

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions:

- Use blue/black ball point pen only.
- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
   If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- All questions are compulsory.
- 4) The number to the right indicates full marks.
- Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- a) Write disadvantages of drug proving on sick individual.
- b) Who is the best prover and why?
- c) Define Lucid interval.
- d) Define Characteristic Symptom.
- e) Define Analysis of Symptoms.
- f) Define Accessory symptom.
- g) Define Homoeopathy.
- h) Define Status Morbi.
- i) State types of Idiosyncrasies according Kent.
- State Homoeopathic aggravation.
- k) Define Indisposition according to Close.
- Define Posology according to Close
- State most common reactions after administration of remedy.
- n) Define Susceptibility according to Robert.
- o) Define Drug according to Robert

04314

2. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4\times5=20]$ 

- a) Explain Surrogates.
- b) Explain treatment of diseases with local symptoms.
- c) Explain Day book.
- d) Explain advantages and disadvantages LM Potency.
- e) Explain Law of Minimum.
- f) Explain Mesmerism.

3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- Explain The sick according to Dr. Kent.
- b) Explain qualities of Simple substance as described by Dr. Kent.
- c) Explain Materialism.
- d) Explain Cure and Recovery.
- e) Explain Taking the Case according to Robert.
- f) Explain Suppression according to Robert.

4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2\times10=20]$ 

- a) How Homoeopathic cure takes place?
- b) What happens when two dissimilar diseases meet together?
- c) Explain Individualization by Kent.
- d) Why do we believe that the law of least action is our law of dosages? Explain according to Robert.

Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7):

- 5. Explain Classification of diseases according to Dr Hahnemann.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- 6. Explain Homoeopathic management in one sided Diseases.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- Explain Mental diseases in Detail.

 $[1\times20=20]$ 



#### Third B.H.M.S. (2015) Examination, Summer (Phase - II) 2019 HOMOEOPATHIC MATERIA MEDICA

Total Duration : 3 Hours Total Marks : 100

Instructions: 1) Use blue/black ball point pen only.

- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
   If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- All questions are compulsory.
- The number to the right indicates full marks.
- Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- a) Define Nosodes Give two examples of Nosodes.
- b) Enumerate modalities of Sulphur.
- c) Enumerate four biochemic indications of Calc Fluor.
- d) Write common name and characteristic modalities of Colocynth.
- e) Write two characteristics symptoms of Ledum Pal injury.
- f) Write two keynotes symptoms of Natrum Phos.
- g) Write two keynote sympyoms of convulsion of Aethusa.
- h) Describe discharges of Arum Triphyllum.
- Describe haemorrhages of Crotalus Horridus.
- Two keynotes symptoms of Kreosotum.
- k) Write common name and family of Belladona.
- Describe pulse of Calcarea Ars.
- m) Write two characteristic mental symptoms of Anacardium Orientalis.
- m) Write two guiding indications of platina.
- o) Write characteristic symptoms of diarrhoea of podophyllum.

Write short answer (any four out of six).

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Describe the causation and modalities of Rhus Tox.
- b) Describe indications of Antim Tart in respiratory tract affections.
- Describe indications of Colchicum in dysentry.
- d) Describe indications of Symphytum in injuries.
- e) Describe indications of Cina in worm affections.
- f) Describe indications of Nux Vomica in Gasro-intestinal tract affections.
- 3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Describe causation & modalities of Ignatia.
- b) Describe respiratory complaint of Kali Carb.
- Describe indications of Bovista in Female reproductive tract affections.
- d) Describe indications of Veratrum Album in collapse.
- e) Describe indications of Conium in glandular affections.
- f) Describe Mental symptoms of Opium.
- 4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$ 

- a) Compare and contrast indications of Ipecac and Bismuth in vomiting.
- Compare and contrast indications of Baptisia tinctoria and Muriatic acid in Typhoid fever.
- c) Describe in detail guiding symptoms of Lycopodium.
- d) Describe in detail guiding symptoms of Graphites.

Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7):

5. Describe in detail drug picture of Phosphorus.

 $[1 \times 20 = 20]$ 

- Describe in detail the common guiding indications of Ophidia group and write in detail the drug picture of Lachesis. [1 × 20 = 20]
- Describe in detail drug picture of Arsenic Alb.



[Total No. of Pages: 2

# Third B.H.M.S. (New) Examination, Summer (Phase-II) 2019 HOMOEOPATHIC MATERIA MEDICA

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions:

- Use blue/black ball point pen only.
- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
   If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- All questions are compulsory.
- The number to the right indicates full marks.
- Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.

Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- a) Tongue of Rhus Tox.
- b) Character of urine in Colchicum.
- c) Write two Mentals of Petroleum.
- d) Define Hydrogenoid constitution with name of two drugs.
- e) Define Nosodes & Sarcodes.
- f) Write modalites of Hepar Sulph.
- g) Character of leucorrhoea of Borax.
- h) Two remedies for physometra.
- Character of urine in Helleborus Nigra.
- Give the delirium of Belladonna.
- k) Character of discharges in Kali sulph.
- Give themodality for Asthma in Kali Carb.
- m) Two keynotes of Lachesis.
- n) Write two Mentals of Sulphur.
- Which is trio of Offensive Urine.

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2. Write short answer (any four out of six).

 $[4\times 5=20]$ 

- a) Write the Constipation of Silicea:
- b) Explain the injuries of Calendulla:
- c) Give the skin complaints of Graphites:
- d) Give the indications of Paralysis in Gelsemium.
- e) Give the G.I.T complaints of Ipecac.
- Give the indications for respiratory complaints in Spongia Tosta.
- 3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Give the urinary complaints of Benzoic Acid.
- b) Give the rheumatic complaints of Actea Spicata.
- c) Give the heart complaints of Kalmia Lat.
- d) Give the urinary complaints of Cannabis Sativa?
- e) Explain role of Belladonna in fever.
- f) Give the female complaints of Alumina.
- 4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$ 

- a) Compare and contrast Colocynth and Dioscorea in colic.
- b) Compare and contrast Nuv Vornica & Colchicum dysentery.
- c) Compare and contrast skin complaints of Graphites and Petroleum.
- d) Compare and contrast female of Pulsatilla and Sepia.

#### Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7):

- 5. Give the complete Drug Picture on Argentum Nitricum.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- 6. Give the complete Drug Picture on Causticum.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- 7. Give the complete Drug Picture on Natrum Mur.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$

